

MYCTERIA AMERICANA.



CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Rostrum subascendens, acutum, mandibula superiore triquetra.

Frons calva.

Nares lineares.

Pedes tetradactyli.

Lath. ind. orn. p. 670.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

MYCTERIA alba, remigibus rectricibusque nigro-purpurascentibus.

Lath. ind. orn. p. 670.

MYCTERIA AMERICANA.

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 232.

Ciconia brasiliensis.

Briss. av. 5. p. 371.

Mycteria Americana, quam unicam speciem continere genus non ita pridem opinati sunt physici, Americæ australis loca incolit paludosa, et eodem fere vivendi modo utitur quo ardeæ. Magnitudine ciconiam longe exuperat: immo reperta sunt speci-

G

mina

mina parum ab ipso struthione distantia. Auctum
nuperrime est genus novis duabus speciebus, quarum
altera ex Australasia in Angliam, altera ex India
illata est.



THE
AMERICAN JABIRU.



GENERIC CHARACTER.

Bill subascendant, sharp, with the upper mandible triquetrous.

Front bare.

Nostrils linear.

Feet tetradactylous.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

White JABIRU with black wing-feathers and tail.

Great AMERICAN JABIRU.

The American Jabiru, till lately the only species known, is a native of South America, frequenting marshy places, and feeding in the general manner of the Heron tribe. Its size considerably exceeds that of a Stork, and indeed in some specimens almost approaches to that of the Ostrich. This genus has been lately increased by a new species from Australasia, as well as by another from India.